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# **JSONRPC Documentation**

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## Getting Started

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This code will create a server that logs all requests, and provides two methods to clients: add and subtract:

```
1 #
2 # Copyright (c) 2011 Edward Langley
3
4 from twisted.internet import reactor, ssl
5 from twisted.web import server
6 import traceback
7
8 from jsonrpc.server import ServerEvents, JSON_RPC
9
10 class ExampleServer(ServerEvents):
11     # inherited hooks
12     def log(self, responses, txrequest, error):
13         print(txrequest.code, end=' ')
14         if isinstance(responses, list):
15             for response in responses:
16                 msg = self._get_msg(response)
17                 print(txrequest, msg)
18         else:
19             msg = self._get_msg(responses)
20             print(txrequest, msg)
21
22     def findmethod(self, method, args=None, kwargs=None):
23         if method in self.methods:
24             return getattr(self, method)
25         else:
26             return None
27
28     # helper methods
29     methods = set(['add', 'subtract'])
30     def _get_msg(self, response):
31         print('response', repr(response))
32         return ' '.join(str(x) for x in [response.id, response.result or response.error])
33
34     def subtract(self, a, b):
35         return a-b
36
37     def add(self, a, b):
38         return a+b
39
40 root = JSON_RPC().customize(ExampleServer)
41 site = server.Site(root)
```

```
42
43
44 # 8007 is the port you want to run under. Choose something >1024
45 PORT = 8007
46 print('Listening on port %d...' % PORT)
47 reactor.listenTCP(PORT, site)
48 reactor.run()
```

To use this server (which is included as `jsonrpc.example_server`), start it and the client in this way:

```
% python -m jsonrpc.example_server &
% python -i -m jsonrpc.__main__ http://localhost:8007
```

```
>>> server.add(1,2)
3
>>> server.subtract(3,2)
1
>>> server.batch_call(dict(
...     add = ((3, 2), {}),
...     subtract = (((), {'a': 3, 'b': 2}))
... ))
[(5, None), (1, None)]
```

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**JSON-RPC Server**

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## JSON-RPC Proxy

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**class** `jsonrpc.proxy.JSONRPCProxy` (*host*, *path*='jsonrpc', *serviceName*=None, \**args*, \*\**kwargs*)  
 A class implementing a JSON-RPC Proxy.

### Parameters

- **host** (*str*) – The HTTP server hosting the JSON-RPC server
- **path** (*str*) – The path where the JSON-RPC server can be found

There are two ways of instantiating this class: - `JSONRPCProxy.from_url(url)` – give the absolute url to the JSON-RPC server - `JSONRPC(host, path)` – break up the url into smaller parts

### **batch\_call** (*methods*)

call several methods at once, return a list of (result, error) pairs

**Parameters names** – a dictionary { method: (args, kwargs) }

**Returns** a list of pairs (result, error) where only one is not None

### **call** (*method*, \**args*, \*\**kwargs*)

call a JSON-RPC method

It's better to use `instance.<methodname>(*args, **kwargs)`, but this version might be useful occasionally

### **classmethod from\_url** (*url*, *ctxid*=None, *serviceName*=None)

Create a `JSONRPCProxy` from a URL

**class** `jsonrpc.proxy.ProxyEvents` (*proxy*)

An event handler for `JSONRPCProxy`

Allow a subclass to do its own initialization, gets any arguments leftover from `__init__`

### **IDGen** = '03f385e825ffbc462f2f433afe3105f655a4e6b'

an instance of a class which defines a `__get__` method, used to generate a request id

### **get\_params** (*args*, *kwargs*)

allow a subclass to modify the method's arguments

e.g. if an authentication token is necessary, the subclass can automatically insert it into every call

### **proc\_response** (*data*)

allow a subclass to access the response data before it is returned to the user



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## jsonrpc.jsonutil

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`jsonrpc.jsonutil.encode(obj, skipkeys=False, ensure_ascii=True, check_circular=True, allow_nan=True, cls=None, indent=None, separators=None, encoding='utf-8', **kw)`

Serialize `obj` to json, if it is not of a type which the encoder can handle, make it the proper type. Args and kw are as in `json.dumps`

`jsonrpc.jsonutil.decode(str, encoding=None, cls=None, object_hook=None, parse_float=None, parse_int=None, parse_constant=None, **kw)`

Return an object from a json string. This is just `json.loads()` renamed



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